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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.		
10/076,436	02/19/2002	Koji Fukumura	0073/009001	1551		
22893	7590 03/09/2004		EXAMI	EXAMINER		
SMITH PATENT OFFICE 1901 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE N W			KOVALICK,	KOVALICK, VINCENT E		
SUITE 200	SILVANIA AVENUE N	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER			
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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Office Action Summary	10/076,436		FUKUMURA				
Office Action Summary	Examiner		Art Unit				
TI MAN INO DATE (4)	Vincent E K		2673	-			
The MAILING DATE of this communic Period for Reply	cation appears on the c	over sheet with the d	correspondence add	dress			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FO THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNIC - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum stature. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply within the set of extend	CATION. f 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, nication. days, a reply within the statuto utory period will apply and will e rill, by statute, cause the applica	, however, may a reply be tir ry minimum of thirty (30) day xpire SIX (6) MONTHS from tion to become ABANDONE	nely filed /s will be considered timely the mailing date of this co				
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed	on <u>19 February 2002</u>	,					
2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-	-final.					
	, —						
Disposition of Claims							
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-20</u> is/are pending in the ap	plication.						
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1,2,5-7,11-15,18 and 19</u> is/a	re rejected.						
7)⊠ Claim(s) <u>3,4,8-10,16,17 and 20</u> is/are	objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restricti	on and/or election req	uirement.					
Application Papers							
9) The specification is objected to by the							
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are:		•					
Applicant may not request that any object							
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the	<u>-</u>		•	` '			
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.							
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120							
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority d 2. Certified copies of the priority d 3. Copies of the certified copies of application from the Internations * See the attached detailed Office action 13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for since a specific reference was included 37 CFR 1.78. a) The translation of the foreign language 14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for the foreign language 14. Certified copies of the priority description in the foreign language 14. Certified copies of the priority description in the priority description in the foreign language 14. Certified copies of the priority description in the priorit	ocuments have been a cocuments have been a fithe priority document all Bureau (PCT Rule for a list of the certifier domestic priority undin the first sentence of guage provisional appliance of the certification of the first sentence of the certification of the first sentence of the certification of the first sentence of the certification of th	received. received in Applicati ts have been received 17.2(a)). ed copies not receive er 35 U.S.C. § 119(a f the specification of ication has been receive er 35 U.S.C. §§ 120	ion No ed in this National sed. e) (to a provisional r in an Application served. eeived. and/or 121 since a	application) Data Sheet. a specific			
reference was included in the first sentence of the specification or in an Application Data Sheet. 37 CFR 1.78.							
Attachment(s)							
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Page	O-948) 5) Interview Summary) Notice of Informal F) Other:					

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DETAILED ACTION

1. This Office Action is in response to Applicant's Patent Application, Serial No. 10/076,436, with a File Date of February 19, 2002.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 1-2, 5, 14-15 and 18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kamei et al. (USP 6,011,467) taken with Bichsel et al. (4,766,306) in view of Toshima (JP 11137720).

Relative to claims 1 and 14, Kamei et al. **teaches** a photoelectric sensing device and display method therein (col. 1, lines 40-67; col. 2, lines 1-67; col. 3, lines 1-58 and Figs. 2 and 9); Kamei et al. further teaches a multifunctional photoelectric switch comprising: a display section for displaying one of a first display information and a second display information, the first display information including a plurality of items concerning a threshold values (col. 5, lines 23-55 and Figs. 2 and 9).

Kamei et al. does not teach said second display information including a plurality of items concerning functions of said photoelectric switch; or a switch for switching information to be displayed on said display section between the first display information and the second display

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information, and wherein when the second display information is displayed on said display section, only a part of the plurality of items or all of the plurality of items in the second display information are sequentially displayed on said display section.

Kamei et al. teaches a photoelectric sensing device for displaying sensing device threshold values of photoelectric sensing device.

Bichsel et al. **teaches** an apparatus with illuminated actuator for photoelectrically controlling a load (col. 1, lines 59-68; col. 2, lines 1-47); Bichsel et al. further **teaches** said second display information including a plurality of items concerning functions of said photoelectric switch (col. 2, lines 10-13)

It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to provide to the device as taught by Kamei et al. the feature as taught by Bichsel et l. in order to extend the amount of data that can be displayed of the photoelectric switch device to include data related to the functions of said photoelectric switch.

Kamei et al. taken with Bichsel et al. does not teach when the second display information is displayed onb said display section, only a part of the plurality of items or all of the plurality of items in the second display information are sequentially displayed on said display section.

Kamei et al. taken with Bichsel et al. teaches a photoelectric sensing device for displaying sensing device threshold values and function values of photoelectric sensing device.

Toshima teaches a video game machine (page 1, Abstract); Toshima further teaches the photoelectric switch wherein when the second display information is displayed on said display section, only a part of the plurality of items or all of the plurality of items in the second display information are sequentially displayed on said display section (page 1, Solution).

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It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to provide to the device as taught by Kamei et al. taken with Bichsel et al. the feature as taught by Toshima in order to provide the means to display only part of all of the data related to the functions of the photoelectric switches in a sequentially manner.

Regarding claims 2 and 15, Toshima further **teaches** said photoelectric switch wherein when the first display information is displayed on said display section, only a part of the plurality of items or all of the plurality of items in the first display information are sequentially displayed on said display section (page 1, Solution).

Relative to claims 5 and 18, Kamei et al. further **teaches** said photoelectric switch wherein said switch also switches items to be displayed on said display section (col. 5, lines 65-67 and col. 6, lines 1-26).

4. Claims 6-7 and 11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kamei et al. taken with Bichsel et al. in view of Toshima as applied to claim 1 in item 3 hereinabove, and further in view of Yabuuchi (JP 363191218).

Relative to claim 6, Kamei et al. taken with Bichsel et al. in view of Toshima does not teach said multifunctional comprising a third display information of said photoelectric switch, the third display information including a plurality of items concerning displays of said photoelectric switch.

Regarding the issue of incorporating a third display in the photoelectric switch, this feature is rejected base on case law reading "To Duplicate Parts for a Multiplied Effect" St. Regis Paper Co. v. Bemis Co., Inc 193 USPQ 8, 11 (7th Cir. 1977).

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Kamei et al. taken with Bichsel et al. in view of Toshima teaches a photoelectric sensing device for displaying sensing device threshold values and function values of photoelectric sensing device including the feature of displaying some or all of the display information in a sequential manner.

Yabuuci teaches an optical touch switch (page 1, Purpose); Yabuuci further teaches the said said photoelectric switch wherein the third display information includes a plurality of items concerning displays of said photoelectric switches.

It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to provide to the devices as taught by Kamei et al, taken with Bichsel et al. in view of Toshima the feature as taught by Yabuuchi in order to provide the means to display the state of the various switches incorporated with the photoelectric switch.

Regarding claim 7, claim 7 is rejected based on the same reasoning as recited for claim 2 in item 3 hereinabove.

As to claim 11, claim 11 is rejected based on the same reasoning as recited for claim 5 in item 3 hereinabove.

5. Claims 12 and 13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kamei et al. taken with Bichsel et al. in view of Toshima as applied to claim 1 in item 3 hereinabove and further in view of an obvious conclusion.

Regarding claim 12, Kamei et al. taken with Bichsel et al in view of Toshima does not teach a second display information further including a fifth selection item for selecting a first display information or the items concerning the operational settings of said photoelectric switch in the second display information to display the selected items on said display section; wherein the fifth

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selection item is displayed on said display section after the items concerning basic operation setting of said photoelectric switch are displayed on said display section; said actions being in common practice in the designation, rendering in order and display of system data in a predefined sequence.

Because said feature is in common practice and well know in the art, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to include said feature in the device as taught by Kamei et al. taken with Bichsel et al. in view of Toshima in order to select and display the desired information in the predefined order required.

Relative to claim 13, claim 13 is rejected based on the same reasoning as recited for claim 5 in item 3 hereinabove.

Allowable Subject Matter

6. Claim 3-4, 8-10 16-17 and 20 would be allowable if rewritten or amended to overcome the rejection(s) under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, set forth in this Office action. Regarding claim 3, the major difference between the teachings of the prior art of record (Kamei et al.; Bichsel et al. and Toshima) and that of the instant invention is that said prior art of record does not teach said photoelectric switch wherein said display section displays a first selection item for selecting only a part of the plurality of items or all of the plurality of items in the second display information to sequentially display on said display section when the information displayed on said display section is switched from the first display information to the second display information.

Regarding claim 4, the major difference between the teachings of the said prior art of record and that of the instant invention is that said prior are of record does not teach said photoelectric

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switch wherein the first display information includes a second selection item for selecting only a part of the plurality of items or all of the plurality of items in the first display information to sequentially display on said display.

Regarding claim 8, the major difference between the teachings of the said prior art of record and that of the instant invention is that said prior are of record **does not teach** said photoelectric switch wherein the third display information includes a third selection item for selecting only a part of the plurality of items or all of the plurality of items in the first display information to sequentially display the selected items on said display section.

Regarding claim 9, the major difference between the teachings of the said prior art of record and that of the instant invention is that said prior are of record does not teach said photoelectric switch wherein when the second display information is displayed on said display section, only a part of the plurality of items or all of the plurality of items in the second display information are sequentially displayed on said display section.

Regarding claim 10, the major difference between the teachings of the said prior art of record and that of the instant invention is that said prior are of record **does not teach** said photoelectric switch wherein said display section displays a fourth selection item for selecting only a part of the plurality of items or all of the plurality of items in the second display information or the third display information to sequentially display the selected items on said display section when the information displayed on said display section is switched from the first display information to the second display information.

Regarding claim 16, the major difference between the teachings of the said prior art of record and that of the instant invention is that said prior are of record does not teach said photoelectric

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switch comprising a means for displaying a first selection item for selecting said means for sequentially displaying some of he second plurality of items and said means for sequentially displaying all of the second plurality of items when the information displayed on said display section is switched form the first display information to the second display information.

Regarding claim 17, the major difference between the teachings of the said prior art of record and that of the instant invention is that said prior are of record **does not teach** said photoelectric switch comprising a means for displaying a second selection item for selecting said means for sequentially displaying some of the first plurality of items and said means for sequentially displaying all of the first plurality of items.

Regarding claim 20, the major difference between the teachings of the said prior art of record and that of the instant invention is that said prior are of record does mot teach said photoelectric switch comprising means for sequentially displaying some of the second plurality of items and means for sequentially displaying all of the second plurality of items when the second display information is displayed on said display section; and means for sequentially displaying some of the first plurality of items and means for sequentially displaying all of the first plurality of items when the first display information is displayed on the said display section.

Conclusion

7. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

U. S. Patent No.	6,339,465	Takanashi et al.

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Responses

8. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Vincent E Kovalick whose telephone number is 703 306-3020. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday 7:30- 4:30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Bipin Shalwala can be reached on 703 305-4938. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 872-9306.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703 306-0377.

Vincent E. Kovalick

March 4, 2004

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